Registration number: 14485413

Aarvee Associates Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

Feist Hedgethorne Limited Registered Auditors Preston Park House South Road Brighton BN1 6SB

Contents

Company Information	1
Directors' Report	2
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4 to 7
Profit and Loss Account	8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	9
Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12 to 15
Detailed Profit and Loss Account	16 to 18

Company Information

Directors Mr Stirling Kimkeran

Ms Sneha Redla

Registered office The Shipping Building

The Old Vinyl Factory, Blyth Road

Hayes London UB3 1HA

Auditors Feist Hedgethorne Limited

Registered Auditors Preston Park House

South Road Brighton BN1 6SB

Directors' Report for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024.

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 15 November 2022.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

Mr Stirling Kimkeran (appointed 15 November 2022)

Ms Sneha Redla (appointed 15 November 2022)

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is consultancy and engineering services

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue for the foreseeable future. The company therefore has adopted the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Reappointment of auditors

In accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the re-appointment of Feist Hedgethorne Limited as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 July 2024 and signed on its behalf by:	

Mr Stirling Kimkeran Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aarvee Associates Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Aarvee Associates Limited (the 'company') for the period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aarvee Associates Limited

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aarvee Associates Limited

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussion with directors and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the engineering sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or operations of the company, including the Companies Act 2006, taxation legislation and data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental, and health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in note 2 were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Aarvee Associates Limited

Chris Morey (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Feist Hedgethorne Limited,

Preston Park House South Road Brighton BN1 6SB

07.08.2024 Date:....

Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 £
Turnover		63,990
Cost of sales		(118,552)
Gross loss		(54,562)
Administrative expenses		(152,302)
Operating loss		(206,864)
Loss before tax		(206,864)
Loss for the financial period		(206,864)

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the period other than the results above.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

	2024 £
Loss for the period	(206,864)
Total comprehensive income for the period	(206,864)

(Registration number: 14485413) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 £
Current assets		
Debtors	4	9,751
Cash at bank and in hand		247,376
		257,127
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	5	(463,891)
Net liabilities		(206,764)
Capital and Reserves		
Called up share capital	6	100
Retained Earnings		(206,864)
Shareholders' deficit		(206,764)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

A	pproved	land	authorised	by the	Board	on 30) July	2024	and	signed	on its	behalt	f by:

Mr Stirling Kimkeran Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

	Share capital	Retained Earnings £	Total £
Loss for the period	-	(206,864)	(206,864)
New share capital subscribed	100		100
At 31 March 2024	100	(206,864)	(206,764)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The Shipping Building The Old Vinyl Factory, Blyth Road Hayes London UB3 1HA England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 July 2024.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the period presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future

The major part of the Company's working capital requirements are provided by a loan from its parent company Aarvee Associates Architects Engineers & Consultants PVT Ltd which is repayable on demand.

The directors of the parent company have indicated that they will not demand repayment, however no formal agreement is in place.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date to apply to the reversal of the timing differences.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade Debtors

Trade Debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade Debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade Creditors

Trade Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade Creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

Financial instruments

Classification

The company only enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other accounts receivable and payable and loans from related parties.

Recognition and measurement

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at traansaction price.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade creditors and other payables are initially recognised at transaction price.

Impairment

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. the impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

The company has chosen to adopt sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 1.

4 Debtors

	2024 £
Trade Debtors	4,800
Other debtors	2,318
Prepayments	2,633
	9,751

2024

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

5 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024
	Note £
Due within one year	
Trade Creditors	60,480
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a	
participating interest	387,531
Taxation and social security	3,284
Accruals and deferred income	7,000
Other creditors	5,596
	463,891

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2024		
	No.		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	

7 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Aarvee Associates Architects Engineers & Consultants PVT Ltd, incorporated in India.

The ultimate controlling party is Venkatachala Chakrapani Redla.

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

	15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024 £
Turnover (analysed below)	63,990
Cost of sales (analysed below)	(118,552)
Gross loss	(54,562)
Gross profit (%)	(85.27)%
Administrative expenses	
Employment costs (analysed below)	(111,164)
Establishment costs (analysed below)	(10,004)
General administrative expenses (analysed below)	(30,950)
Finance charges (analysed below)	(184)
	(152,302)
Operating loss	(206,864)
Loss before tax	(206,864)

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

	15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024 £
Turnover Rendering of services, UK	63,990
Cost of sales Subcontract cost	118,552
Employment costs Directors remuneration	(111,164)
Establishment costs Insurance	(10,004)
General administrative expenses	
Telephone and fax	(820)
Computer software and maintenance costs	(408)
Trade subscriptions	(2,200)
Sundry expenses	(624)
Travel and subsistence	(9,550)
Advertising	(5,008)
Customer entertaining (disallowable for tax)	(800)
Accountancy fees	(11,540)
	(30,950)
Finance charges	
Bank charges	(184)
Operating loss	(206,864)
Loss before tax	(206,864)

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 15 November 2022 to 31 March 2024

	2024 £
Turnover	
Rendering of services, UK	63,990
Cost of sales	
Subcontract cost	(118,552)
Employment costs	
Directors remuneration	(111,164)
Establishment costs	
Insurance	(10,004)
General administrative expenses	
Telephone and fax	(820)
Computer software and maintenance costs	(408)
Trade subscriptions	(2,200)
Sundry expenses	(624)
Travel and subsistence	(9,550)
Advertising	(5,008)
Customer entertaining (disallowable for tax)	(800)
Accountancy fees	(11,540)
	(30,950)
Finance charges	
Bank charges	(184)

Client Name: Mr Stirling Kimkeran

Document: full accounts approved 30-7-24 2024-07-31 11-40

The information within this document is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Stirling Kimkeran

Signature:

31/07/2024 11:14:47 UTC

Name: Stirling Kimkeran

Date:

31/07/2024

-31/07/2024 11:14:47 UTC-